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section 801(g)(1)(B) and paragraph (a)(2) of this section) shall separately compute and report with its return the assets and total insurance liabilities which are properly attributable to all of such segregated asset accounts. Each foreign corporation carrying on a life insurance business which issues such contracts shall separately compute and report with its return assets held in the United States and total insurance liabilities on United States business which are properly attributable to all of such segregated asset accounts.

(2) Foreign life insurance companies. For adjustment under section 819 in the case of a foreign life insurance company which issues contracts based on segregated asset accounts under section 801(g), see §1.819-2(b)(4).

[T.D. 6886, 31 FR 8681, June 23, 1966, as amended by T.D. 6970, 33 FR 12044, Aug. 24, 1968; T.D. 7501, 42 FR 42341, Aug. 23, 1977]

§ 1.802(b)-1 Tax on life insurance companies.

(a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1953, but before January 1, 1955, and ending after August 16, 1954, section 802(b) imposes a tax on the 1954 life insurance company taxable income of all life insurance companies (including a foreign life insurance company carrying on a life insurance business within the United States if with respect to its United States business it would qualify as a life insurance company under section 801). The tax so imposed is equal to 3 3/4 percent of the amount of such income not in excess of \$200,000, plus 6 1/2 percent of the amount of such income in excess of \$200,000. For the definition of the term "1954 life insurance company taxable income", see §1.805-1.

(b) The taxable income of life insurance companies differs from the taxable income of other corporations. See section 803. Life insurance companies are entitled, in computing life insurance company taxable income, to the special deductions provided in part VIII (section 241 and following), except section 248, subchapter B, chapter 1 of the Code. The gross income, the deduction under section 803 (g)(1) for wholly taxexempt interest, and the deduction under section 242 for partially tax-ex-

empt interest, are decreased by the appropriate amortization of premium and increased by the appropriate accrual of discount attributable to the taxable year on bonds, notes, debentures, or other evidences of indebtedness held by a life insurance company. See section 803 (i) and §1.803–6. Such companies are not subject to the provisions of subchapter P (section 1201 and following), chapter 1 of the Code, relating to capital gains and losses, nor to the provisions of section 171 (amortizable bond premium).

(c) All provisions of the Code and of the regulations in this part not inconsistent with the specific provision of sections 801 to 807, inclusive, are applicable to the assessment and collection of the tax imposed by section 802, and life insurance companies are subject to the same penalties as are provided in the case of returns and payment of income tax by other corporations. The return shall be on Form 1120L.

(d) Foreign life insurance companies not carrying on an insurance business within the United States are not taxable under section 802, but are taxable as other foreign corporations. See section 881.

$\S 1.802-2$ Taxable years affected.

Section 1.802(b)-1 is applicable only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1953, and before January 1, 1955, and all references to sections of part I, subchapter L, chapter 1 of the Code are to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, before amendments. Sections 1.802-3 through 1.802-5 (other than paragraph (f)(2) of §1.802-3), except as otherwise provided therein, are applicable only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957, and all references to sections of part I, subchapter L, chapter 1 of the Code are to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by the Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 112) and section 235(c)(1) of the Revenue Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 126). Paragraph (f)(2) of §1.802-3 is applicable only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961, and all reference to sections of part I, subchapter L, chapter 1 of the Code are to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by the Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act of 1959 (73 Stat.

112), section 3 of the Act of October 23, 1962 (76 Stat. 1134) and section 235(c)(1) of the Revenue Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 126).

[T.D. 6886, 31 FR 8685, June 23, 1966]

§1.802-3 Tax imposed on life insurance companies.

- (a) In general. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957, section 802(a)(1) imposes a tax on the life insurance company taxable income (as defined in section 802(b) and paragraph (a) of §1.802-4) of every life insurance company (including a foreign life insurance company carrying on a life insurance business within the United States if with respect to its United States business it would qualify as a life insurance company under section 801(a)). The tax imposed by section 802(a)(1) is payable upon the basis of returns rendered by the life insurance companies liable thereto. See subchapter A, chapter 61 (section 6001 and following) of the Code.
- (b) Tax imposed. The tax imposed by section 802(a)(1) consists of a normal tax and a surtax computed as provided in section 11 as though the life insurance company taxable income (as defined in section 802(b)) were the taxable income referred to in section 11.
- (c) Normal tax. The normal tax is computed by applying to the life insurance company taxable income the regular corporate normal tax rate (as in effect for the taxable year) provided by section 11(b).
- (d) Surtax. The surtax is computed by applying the regular corporate surtax rate (as in effect for the taxable year) provided by section 11(c) to the amount by which the life insurance company taxable income exceeds the surtax exemption for the taxable year as determined under section 11(d). See sections 269 and 1551 and the regulations thereunder, for certain circumstances in which the surtax exemption may be disallowed in whole or in part.
- (e) Special rule for 1959 and 1960. See section 802(a)(3) and paragraph (a) of §1.802-5 for a transitional rule applicable in certain cases in determining tax liability for the taxable years 1959 and 1960 by reason of the operation of section 802(b)(3).

- (f) Tax imposed in case of certain capital gains—(1) Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1958, and before January 1, 1962. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1958, and before January 1, 1962, if the net long-term capital gain (as defined in section 1222(7)) of any life insurance company exceeds its net short-term capital loss (as defined in section 1222(6)), section 802(a)(2) imposes a separate tax equal to 25 percent of such excess. This separate 25 percent tax rate applies whether or not there is life insurance company taxable income, taxable investment income, or a gain or loss from operations for the taxable year. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1958, and before January 1, 1962, only the excess (if any) of net short-term capital gain (as defined in section 1222(5)) over net long-term capital loss (as defined in section 1222(8)) shall be taken into account in computing taxable investment income and gain or loss from operations. See sections 804(b) and 809(b). Except as modified by section 817 (rules relating to certain gains and losses), the general rules of the Code relating to gains and losses (such as the rules for determining the amount, characterization, and treatment thereof) shall apply with respect to life insurance companies.
- (2) Alternative tax in case of capital gains for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961, if the net long-term capital gain (as defined in section 1222(7)) of any life insurance company exceeds its net short-term capital loss (as defined in section 1222(6)), section 802(a)(2) imposes an alternative tax in lieu of the tax imposed by section 802(a)(1), if and only if such alternative tax is less than the tax imposed by section 802(a)(1). The alternative tax is the sum of:
- (i) A partial tax, computed as provided by section 802(a)(1), on the life insurance company taxable income determined by reducing the taxable investment income, and the gain from operations, by the amount of the excess of its net long-term capital gain over its net short-term capital loss, and
- (ii)(a) In the case of a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1970, an